SOLAR OBSERVATIONS

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SOLAR RADIATION OBSERVATIONS, JANUARY 1939 By IRVING F. HAND

Measurements of solar radiant energy received at the surface of the earth are made at eight stations maintained by the Weather Bureau, and at nine cooperating stations maintained by other institutions. The intensity of the total radiation from sun and sky on a horizontal surface is continuously recorded (from sunrise to sunset) at all these stations by self-registering instruments; pyrheliometric measurements of the intensity of direct solar radiation at normal incidence are made at frequent intervals on clear days at three Weather Bureau stations (Washington, D. C., Madison, Wis., Lincoln, Nebr.) and at the Blue Hill Observatory of Harvard University. Occasional observations of sky polarization are taken at the Weather Bureau stations at Washington and Madison.

The geographic coordinates of the stations, and descriptions of the instrumental equipment, station exposures, and methods of observation, together with summaries of the data, obtained up to the end of 1936, will be found in the Monthly Weather Review, December 1937, pp. 415 to 441; further descriptions of instruments and meth-

ods are given in Weather Bureau Circular Q.

Table 1 contains the measurements of the intensity of direct solar radiation at normal incidence, with means and their departures from normal (means based on less than 3 values are in parentheses). At Madison and Lincoln the observations are made with the Marvin pyrheliometer; at Washington and Blue Hill they are obtained with a recording thermopile, checked by observations with a Marvin pyrheliometer at Washington and with a Smithsonian silver disk pyrheliometer at Blue Hill. The table also gives vapor pressures at 8 a. m. (75th meridian time) and at noon (local mean solar time).

Table 2 contains the average amounts of radiation received daily on a horizontal surface from both sun and sky during each week, their departures from normal and the accumulated departures since the beginning of the year. The values at most of the stations are obtained from the records of the Eppley pyrheliometer recording on either a microammeter or a potentiometer.

Direct radiation intensities averaged close to normal for January at Washington and Lincoln and above normal at

Madison and Blue Hill.

Total solar and sky radiation was below normal for all stations for which normals have been computed with the exception of Washington, New York, La Jolla, New Orleans, Blue Hill, and San Juan. Beginning with this issue of the Review departures from normal for Newport will be included in table 2.

No polarization measurements were made during January owing to snow and ice cover.

Table 1.—Solar radiation intensities during January 1939
[Gram-calories per minute per square centimeter of normal surface]

WASHINGTON, D. C.

				ş	un's ze	enith d	istance								
	8 a. m.	78.7°	75.7°	70.7°	60.0°	0.0°	60.0°	70.7°	75.7°	78.7°	Noon				
Date	75th mer.	Air mass													
	time		A	. м.		Р. М.			М.	4.					
	е	5.0	4.0	3.0	2.0	1 1.0	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0	6				
Jan. 6 Jan. 7	mm. 4.75 5.36	cal. 0.76	cal. 0.90	cal.	cal. 1. 21	cal.	cal.	cal.	cal.	cal.	mm. 4.95 5.36				
Jan. 16 Jan. 17 Jan. 23	4. 17 2. 87 1. 52		. 88	1. 22	1, 21 1, 40		1. 39	0.94			2. 45 2. 36 1. 52				
Meaus Departures		.75 03	(.85) 01	(1.08) +.06	1. 27 +. 03		(1, 39) +, 14	(. 94) 10	. 		 				

MADISON, WIS.

Jan. 27 Jan. 31	2. 26 1. 45	1.07 1.11	1. 16	 1.46		 	 	2. 26 1. 60
Means Departures		(1.09) +.14	(1, 16) +, 10	 (1, 46) +, 10	- 	 	 	

LINCOLN, NEBR.

				1		 				
Jan. 5	2,74	1.10	1, 23	1.37		 İ	1.39	1.26	1.15	2.87
Jan. 11	3. 15	. 58	. 98	1. 26		 	1.29	1.15	1.06	3.81
Jan. 17	2.36	. 66	. 89	1.16		 			1	2,74
Jan. 18	1.96	. 87	1.00	1.16		 		. 79	.70	2, 16
Jan. 19	1.60					 	1, 21	1.01	.91	3.81
Jan. 20	3.30	. 78	. 91			 - 				3, 45
Jan. 22	1.32		. .			 	1.35	1.15	1.07	. 91
Jan. 25	2, 26	İ			1.45	 	1. 25			3.45
Jan. 26	2,06	1.17	1.26	1.38	1.53	 	1.35	1, 21	1.09	2, 36
Jan. 28	3.30	. 79	.90	1.04						4.57
•								1		
Means		. 85	1,02	1, 23	(1.49)	 	1.31	1.10	1.00	
Departures		08	03	+. 03	+. 10	 	+, 12	+.05	+.07	
				, .	1				• • • •	

BLUE HILL, MASS.

Jan. 8	4. 4 2. 4 4. 8 3. 5 2. 3 1. 1 2. 4 . 3 . 4 1. 1	1. 03 1. 12 . 94 1. 14 1. 12	1. 13 1. 23 1. 11 1. 24 1. 20	1. 23 1. 34 1. 28 1. 33 1. 30 1. 26 1. 19	1. 48 1. 39 1. 45 1. 40 1. 44 1. 34	 1. 13 1. 24 	1. 08 . 89 1. 30 1. 26 1. 27	0.96 .68 1.12 1.23 1.13 1.07 1.15	0.86 .51 .96 1.07 1.03 .98 1.04	3.5 3.2 6.8 3.0 1.7 1.2 1.6 .8 .8
Means Departures		1.05 +.06	1. 16 +. 12	1. 28 +. 13	1, 42 +, 11	 1.34 +.02	1. 16 01	1, 05 . 00	92 01	

⁶ Extrapolated.

Table 2.—Average daily totals of solar radiation (direct+diffuse) received on a horizontal surface

	Gram-calories per square centimeter																
Week begin- ning—	Wash- ington	Madison	Lincoln	Chicago	New York	Fresno	Fair- banks	Twin Falls	La Jolla	Miami	New Orleans	River- side	Blue Hill	Sau Juan	Friday Harbor	Ithaca	New- port
Jan. 1	cal. 175 168 174 202	cal. 86 108 128 179	cal. 179 151 200 227	cal. 81 60 59 123	cal. 99 127 129 158	cal. 159 217 147 172	cal. 8 9 12 21	cal. 113 135 121 169	cal. 246 279 213 320	cal.	cal. 277 215 270 208	cal. 226 263 230 291	cal. 110 175 184 200	cal. 457 507 485 490	cal.	cal. 68 58 140 141	cal. 120 177 191 202
		Departures of daily total from normals															
Jan. 1	+7 +18 +19 +26	-40 -24 -23 -5	$^{+4}_{-32}$ $^{+6}_{-2}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} -1 \\ -21 \\ -35 \\ +5 \end{array} $	-5 +18 +17 +7	+10 +54 -43 -50	+1 -1 -1 -7	-43 -24 -51 -17	-2 +30 -31 +49		+102 +13 +58 +10	-57 -6 -83 +5	$ \begin{array}{r} -23 \\ +20 \\ +17 \\ +10 \end{array} $	+63 +83 +45 +46		-18 -19 +34 -2	-14 +9 -1 +1
Ì							Accum	ulated de	partures s	since Jan.	1, 1939						
	+490	-644	-168	-364	+259	-203	-56	-945	+322		+1,281	-987	+168	+1,659		-35	-35